Laurel Electronics Co., Ltd.

LCD Module Specification

Model No.: LT050C-01AT

5.0", 8000 (RGB) x 480 PIXELS TFT LCD WITH TOUCH PANEL

Table of Contents

1. BASIC SPECIFICATIONS ······	2
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	· 4
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	· 4
4. TOUCH PANEL CHARACTERISTICS	· 6
5. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	• 7
6. DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE ······	8
7. PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF LCD MODULE	· 9

RECORD OF REVISION

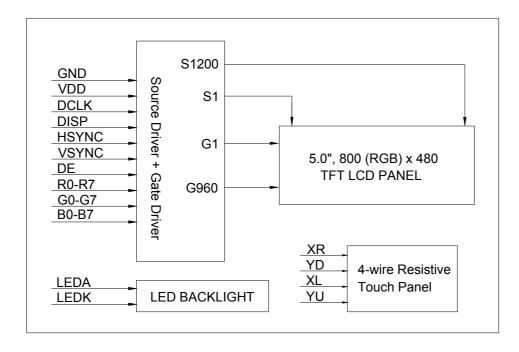
Rev.	Date	Page	ltem	Description
0.1	2018/12/20	-	-	New release

1. BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

1.1 Features

Item	Specifications	Unit
Screen Size	5.0 (Diagonal)	inch
Resolution	800 (RGB) x 480	dot
Display Mode	Normally white, transmissive TFT	-
Color Configuration	RGB-stripe	-
Color Depth	24-bit (RGB=888), 16.7M colors	-
Viewing Direction	6:00 o'clock (Gray scale inversion direction)	-
Outline Dimension (WxHxT)	120.7 x 75.9 x 4.1 (FPC length not included)	mm
Viewing Area (WxH)	110.7 x 67.4	mm
Active Area (WxH)	108.0 x 64.8	mm
Dot Pitch (WxH)	0.045 x 0.135	mm
Touch Panel	4-wire resistive	-
Weight	74	g
LCD Controller	ILI6122 + ILI5960 or equivalent	-
Interface Mode	Digital 24-bit parallel RGB	-
Power Supply (VDD)	3.3	V

1.2 Block Diagram



|--|

Pin No.SymbolI/OFunction1LEDKPLED backlight cathode2LEDAPLED backlight anode3GNDPPower ground4VDDPPower supply5R0IRed data (LSB)6R1IRed data7R2IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data12R7IRed data (MSB)
2LEDAPLED backlight anode3GNDPPower ground4VDDPPower supply5R0IRed data (LSB)6R1IRed data7R2IRed data8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
3GNDPPower ground4VDDPPower supply5R0IRed data (LSB)6R1IRed data7R2IRed data8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
5R0IRed data (LSB)6R1IRed data7R2IRed data8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
6R1IRed data7R2IRed data8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
7R2IRed data8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
8R3IRed data9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
9R4IRed data10R5IRed data11R6IRed data
10 R5 I Red data 11 R6 I Red data
11 R6 I Red data
12 R7 I Red data (MSB)
13 G0 I Green data (LSB)
14 G1 I Green data
15 G2 I Green data
16 G3 I Green data
17 G4 I Green data
18 G5 I Green data
19 G6 I Green data
20 G7 I Green data (MSB)
21 B0 I Blue data (LSB)
22 B1 I Blue data
23 B2 I Blue data
24 B3 I Blue data
25 B4 I Blue data
26 B5 I Blue data
27 B6 I Blue data
28 B7 I Blue data (MSB)
29 GND P Power ground
30 DCLK I Data clock. Latch data at falling edge.
31 DISP I Display control/standby mode selection. DISP="L": Standby; DISP="H": Normal display
32 HSYNC I Horizontal sync signal. Negative polarity. Connect it to "H". Note
33 VSYNC I Vertical sync signal. Negative polarity. Connect it to "H". Note?
34 DE I Data enable signal. Active "H".
35 NC - No connection
36 GND P Power ground
37 XR I/O Touch panel right side terminal
38 YD I/O Touch panel down side terminal
39 XL I/O Touch panel left side terminal
40 YU I/O Touch panel up side terminal

I=Input; O=Output; P=Power

Note1: The interface is set to DE mode internally (MODE="H"). HSYNC and VSYNC are not used and should be connected to "H" externally or floating.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage (Logic)	Vdd	-0.3	5.0	V
Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	VDD + 0.3	V
LED Forward Current (Each LED)	lF	-	25	mA
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20	+70	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30	+80	°C

Cautions: Stresses above those listed as 'absolute maximum ratings' may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device under these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

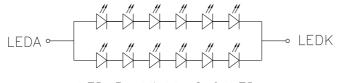
3.1 DC Characteristics for LCD (Ta=25°C)

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage (Logic)	Vdd		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Input High Voltage	VIH		0.7Vdd	-	Vdd	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL		0	-	0.3VDD	V
Supply Current (Logic)	IDD	VDD = 3.3V	60	90	140	mA

3.2 LED Backlight Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
LED Forward Voltage	VLED	Note 1	17.4	18.0	18.6	V
LED Forward Current	ILED		30	40	44	mA
LED Life Time	-	Note 2	20,000	-	-	Hr

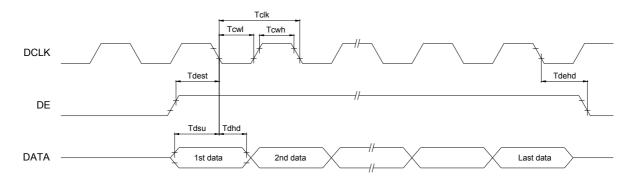
Note 1: The LED forward voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25°C and ILED=40mA. Note 2: The LED life time is defined as the module brightness decreases to 50% initial brightness at Ta=25°C and ILED=40mA. The LED life time could be decreased if operating ILED is larger than 40mA.

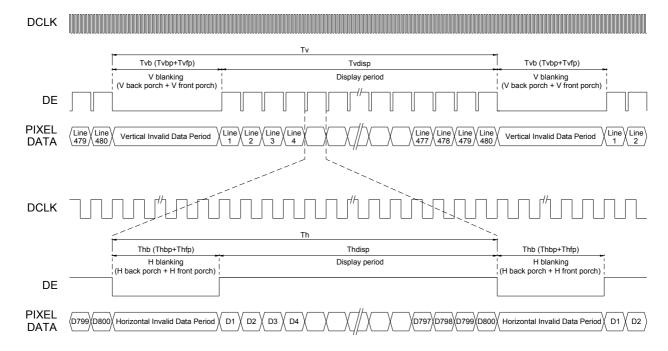


LED Backlight: 2x6 LED

|--|

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DCLK Pulse Duty	Tcwh	40	50	60	%
DCLK Period	Tclk	20	30	-	ns
DCLK Frequency	Fclk	-	33.3	50	MHz
Data Setup Time	Tdsu	8	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time	Tdhd	8	-	-	ns
DE Setup Time	Tdest	8	-		ns
DE Hold Time	Tdehd	8	-	-	ns
DEV Period	Τv	510	525	650	Th
DEV Display Period	Tvdisp	-	480	-	Th
DEV Blanking	Tvb=Tvbp+Tvfp	30	45	170	Th
DEH Period	Th	862	1056	1200	DCLK
DEH Display Period	Thdisp	-	800	-	DCLK
DEH Blanking	Thb=Thbp+Thfp	62	256	400	DCLK

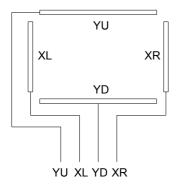




4.1 Optical, Mechanical & Reliability Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Item	Min.	Min. Typ. Max.		Unit	Remark
Linearity	-1.5	-	1.5	%	X and Y directions
	330	-	1000	Ω	X direction
Circuit Resistance	120	-	360	Ω	Y direction
Insulation Resistance	20	-	-	MΩ	DC 25V
Operating Voltage	2.7	-	7	V	DC
Chatting Time	-	-	10	ms	
Transmittance	78	-	-	%	
Activation Force	-	-	100	g	
Surface Hardness	3	-	-	Н	
Knocking Durability	1,000,000	-	-	time	
Writing Durability	100,000	-	-	word	
Surface Treatment		Anti-glare			

4.2 Touch Panel Circuit Diagram

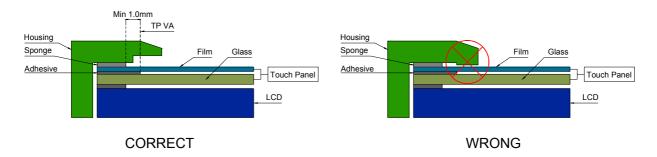


4.3 Housing Design Guide

1) Leave enough gaps (min. 0.5mm compressed) between housing and TP to avoid wrong operating.

2) Use buffer material (gasket) between housing and TP to avoid damaging or wrong operating.

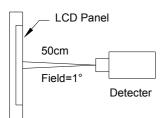
3) Buffer material should not overlap and press on the inside of TP viewing area.



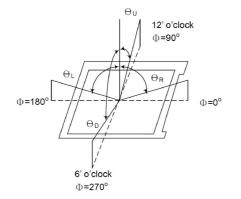
5. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C)

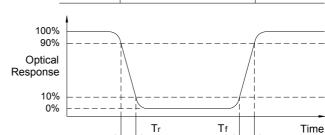
Item	Symbol		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness of White	Вр		Θ=0° Φ=0°	-	240	-	cd/m ²	1
Uniformity	Δ	Вр	ILED=40mA	70%	-	-	-	2
	Llan	ΘR		-	70	-		
Viewing Angle	Hor	ΘL	Cr ≥10	-	70	-	deg.	3
	Ver	ΘU		-	50	-		
		ΘD		-	70	-		
Contrast Ratio		Cr		400	500	-	-	4
Despense Time	Tr Tf		 Θ=0° Φ=0°	-	10	20		5
Response Time				-	15	30	ms	5
Color Chromaticity	١	Vx	ŤŬ	0.26	0.31	0.36	-	
	Wy			0.28	0.33	0.38	- 1,6	1, 6

Note 1: The optical characteristics should be measured by BM-7 in dark room after 15 minutes operation. The optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD.



Note 3: Definition of Viewing Angle





White (TFT off)

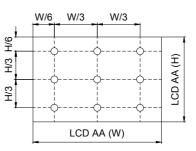
Note 4: Definition of Contrast Ratio

Contrast Ratio (Cr) = $\frac{\text{Brightness}}{\text{Brightness}}$ measured when LCD on "White" State

Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates is measured at the center point of the LCD with ILED=40mA and the LCD displays white.

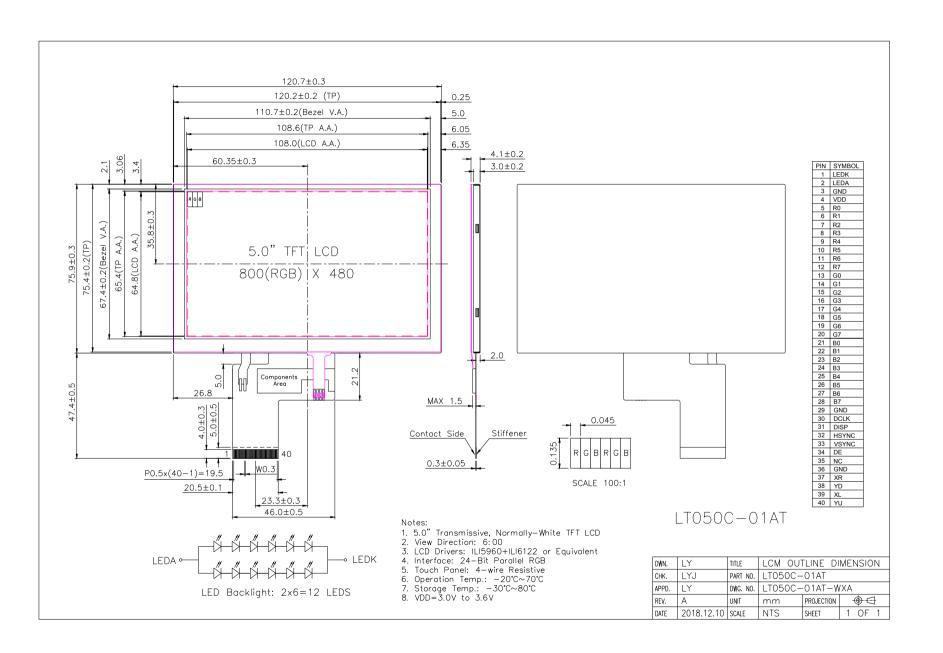
Note 2: △ Bp=Bp (Min.) / Bp (Max.) × 100 (%) Bp(Max.)=Maximum brightness in 9 Bp(Min.)=Minimum brightness in 9



Note 5: Definition of Response Time

Black (TFT on)

White (TFT off)



7. PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF LCD MODULE

7.1 Handing Precautions

- 1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 3) Do not apply excessive force on the surface of display or the adjoining areas of LCD module since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 5) If the display surface of LCD module becomes contaminated, blow on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents.

· Isopropyl alcohol

· Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- · Water
- · Ketone

· Aromatic Solvents

- 6) When mounting the LCD module make sure that it is free of twisting, warping, and distortion. Distortion has great influence upon display quality. Also keep the stiffness enough regarding the outer case.
- 7) Be sure to avoid any solvent such as flux for soldering never stick to Heat-Seal. Such solvent on Heat-Seal may cause connection problem of heat-Seal and TAB.
- 8) Do not forcibly pull or bend the TAB I/O terminals.
- 9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- 10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- 11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 12) To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - \cdot Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD module.
 - \cdot Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.

 \cdot To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

 \cdot The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

7.2 Storage Precautions

- 1) When storing the LCD module, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps and high temperature/high humidity. Whenever possible, the LCD module should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.
- 2) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrodes. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets or a current flow in a high humidity environment.

7.3 Design Precautions

1) The absolute maximum ratings represent the rated value beyond which LCD module can not exceed. When the LCD modules are used in excess of this rated value, their operating characteristics may be adversely affected.

- To prevent the occurrence of erroneous operation caused by noise, attention must be paid to satisfy VIL, VIH specification values, including taking the precaution of using signal cables that are short.
- 3) The liquid crystal display exhibits temperature dependency characteristics. Since recognition of the display becomes difficult when the LCD is used outside its designated operating temperature range, be sure to use the LCD within this range. Also, keep in mind that the LCD driving voltage levels necessary for clear displays will vary according to temperature.
- 4) Sufficiently notice the mutual noise interference occurred by peripheral devices.
- 5) To cope with EMI, take measures basically on outputting side.
- 6) If DC is impressed on the liquid crystal display panel, display definition is rapidly deteriorated by the electrochemical reaction that occurs inside the liquid crystal display panel. To eliminate the opportunity of DC impressing, be sure to maintain the AC characteristics of the input signals sent to the LCD Module.

7.4 Others

- 1) Liquid crystals solidify under low temperatures (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the LCD module is subjected to a strong shock at a low temperature.
- 2) If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- 3) To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity, etc., exercise care to avoid touching the following sections when handling the module:
 - \cdot Terminal electrode sections.
 - \cdot Part of pattern wiring on TAB, etc.